

Research Article CURRENT TRENDS IN OILSEED CROPS PRODUCTION: AN OVERVIEW

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Abstract- In this study, current trend in oilseed crops production has been emphasised, the study was based on secondary data from the year 1950-51 to 2012-13. The data is based on several governmental documents and web-sites. The linear, quadratic and exponential functions were fitted in order to analyse the trend in area, production and productivity of oilseed crops in India. Quadratic functional form was employed to fit the trend due to its higher R² value as compared to other two forms. Besides these, compound growth rate, coefficient of variation (CV) and instability index are also computed. Similarly, the effects of area, productivity and their interactions towards increasing production were also estimated in the present study. The results of the study revealed that the 'c' value in the quadratic functional forms for area, production and productivity were positive and significant for the total oilseed crops in the country more particularly during Phase I, Phase II, Phase IV, Phase V, Phase VI, Phase V

Keywords- Trend, area, production, productivity, oilseed, crops.

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Introduction

The demand and supply for oilseed crops was out strips, the production and the gap were increasing over the time. The total oilseed production increased from 4.73 lakh tonnes to 31.10 lakh tones, while yield increased from 419 kg / ha to 1159 kg / ha during the period from 1950-51 to 2012-13 [1-3]. As the Country has enjoys the abundance of natural resources *viz*; flora and fauna has ever importance of rich natural resources has been neglected in the past. This has hampered the development process in tune since it is difficult to utilize these natural resources for the benefit of the people. If the natural resources are not well recognised and managed.

Now, there is a need to formulate appropriate strategies to boost the historical significance before formulating the oil production in the right direction, but it will be wise to understand any strategies for the development and one must identify the existing trends in area, production and productivity that play an important role in the development process ([8,15,18]. It is desire that there should clean picture of demand and supply gap by examining the trend as well as the required quantity to meet the future consumption requirement with the increasing population with available resources. In this study, an attempt has been made to analysis the trends of area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops in the Country. The specific objectives of the study are:

(i) To study the growth rates in area, production and yield of different oilseed crops in India; and

(ii) To find out the variability in area, production and yield of different oilseed crops with respect to groundnut, mustard and rapeseed, soybean and sunflower in

India.

Data Base and Research Methodology

The present study has been conducted entirely based on secondary data. The secondary data in relation to area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops from 1950-51 to 2012-13 were collected from different government sources [1-3]. However, data for three years (2010-11 to 2012-13) were forecasted based on previous year trends and generated for the present study [10,16]. The study entails temporal as well as spatial analyses for estimation of growth in area, production and productivity of oilseed crops.

To analyse the trend in area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops, the following different functional forms were fitted.

- (1) Linear function Y = a + bx
- (2) Quadratic function $Y = a + bx + cx^2$
- (3) Exponential function $Y = a. b^x$

Where, Y = Area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops

x = Time variable From the raw data on area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops after analyzed the different parameters / form of function (i.e.; Linear, Quadratic and Exponential type) it was decided based on the highest co-efficient of determination (R^2) to calculate the trend as suitable model.

As Exponential function model was found to be a good model due to the better results as compared to remaining two models; so, data were computed for area,

production and productivity to work out the compound Growth Rates with the following method:

Where, x is the time variable, y is the variable for which growth rate is calculated and b is the regression co-efficient of Y on x.

Compound Growth percentage (CGR %) = (b-1) x 100

The significance of growth rates was tested by applying student 't' test where t = g / SE (r), with (N-2) d. f. where r is the growth and N is the total number of years considered under study.

SE (r) = 100 b / 0.4329 $\sqrt{[(\Sigma \log r^2) - (\Sigma \log Y)^2 / N - (\log b)^2 \Sigma x^2] / (N-2) \Sigma x^2}$ To understand the variation of magnitude in the selected data of area, production and productivity into the seven sub period as well as overall time period the coefficient of variation was calculated. Therefore, Instability Index in the percentage was calculated over the selected period with the help of following formula given as under:

Instability Index (I) = (I-R²) x CV²

The effect of area, productivity and their interaction towards increasing production

Results and Discussion

were worked out by using the following formula. Similar technique were adopted / employed by Cavery (1991)[4]; Das and Sharma (2012)[5]; Dhakre & Sharma (2010a)[6]; Dhakre and Sharma (2010b)[7]; Sharma (2012)[8]; Sharma (2013a)[9]; Sharma (2014)[11]; Sharma (2015a)[12]; Sharma (2015b)[13]; Sharma (2015c)[14]; Sharma & Kalita (2004)[15]; Sharma & Kalita (2008)[16]; Yadav et. al., (2017) [17].

$$\Delta \mathsf{P} = \mathsf{Y}_0 \Delta \mathsf{A} + \mathsf{A}_0 \Delta \mathsf{Y} + \Delta \mathsf{A} \Delta \mathsf{Y}$$

Where, $\Delta A = A_n - A_0$ $\Delta Y = Y_n - Y_0$ $\Delta P = A_n - A_0$

 A_o , P_o and Y_o represent the area, production and productivity in the base year and A_n , P_n and Y_n the corresponding area, production and productivity in the current year. The first, second and third on the right side of above equation represent area, productivity and interaction effect, respectively.

The periods from 1950-51 to 2012-13 was divided into seven sub-periods viz; (i) 1950-51 to 1959-60; (ii) 1960-61 to 1969-70; (iii) 1970-71 to 1979-80; (iv) 1980-81 to 1989-90; (v) 1990-91 to 1999-00; (vi) 2000-01 to 2009-10 and (vii) 2010-11 to 2012-13 and contribution of area, productivity and their interactions to total production were worked out separately for total period and each sub-period.

Table-1	R ² value of linear, qua	dratic and exponentia	I function for differe	ent oilseed crops
Period	Aspects	Linear	Quadratic	Exponential
		Groundnut		
	Area	0.78495	0.81308	0.61865
Period – I	Production	0.76935	0.75278	0.60219
	Productivity	0.09680	0.07313	0.07568
	Area	0.27704	0.22159	0.34724
Period – II	Production	0.00055	0.00104	0.00078
	Productivity	0.07215	0.06393	0.07865
	Area	0.02411	0.01630	0.03252
Period – III	Production	0.02739	0.03046	0.02986
	Productivity	0.04824	0.05003	0.05044
	Area	0.34108	0.35931	0.30977
Period – IV	Production	0.28032	0.29199	0.26202
	Productivity	0.18378	0.18913	0.17995
	Area	0.87297	0.87560	0.86795
Period – V	Production	0.03720	0.04307	0.05593
	Productivity	0.09044	0.08847	0.10560
	Area	0.17444	0.17904	0.17782
Period – VI	Production	0.01087	0.00984	0.00958
	Productivity	0.05557	0.05381	0.06043
	Area	0.01312	0.01312	0.03330
Period –	Production	0.08955	0.08955	0.10826
VII	Productivity	0.99999	0.99999	0.99999
	Area	0.03589	0.00013	0.24283
Overall	Production	0.48258	0.37007	0.59401
overun	Productivity	0.05371	0.05104	0.17498
	Troductivity	Rapeseed &Mustard	0.00104	0.17450
	Area	0.62623	0.62500	0.58144
Period – I	Production	0.41729	0.41339	0.37425
	Productivity	0.00239	0.00000	0.01312
	Area	0.01567	0.01801	0.01341
Period – II	Production	0.07851	0.09409	0.03332
	Productivity	0.12158	0.14112	0.08745
	Area	0.00828	0.00872	0.00765
Period – III	Production	0.06075	0.06883	0.05320
	Productivity	0.08685	0.09681	0.06552
	Area	0.34662	0.37366	0.00552
Period – IV	Production	0.75159	0.76897	0.29001
	Productivity	0.80348	0.76697	0.76414
	1	0.14431	0.13590	0.02145
Period – V	Area	0.05358	0.13590	0.15421
	Production	0.00338	0.05142	
	Productivity			0.00014
Deried VI	Area	0.26339	0.24892	0.32550
Period – VI	Production	0.40071	0.38663	0.44723
	Productivity	0.44105	0.43879	0.43529

		Sharma Amod		
	Area	0.93823	0.93596	0.93822
Period –	Production	0.59626	0.59168	0.59371
VII	Productivity	0.71690	0.71270	0.71888
Overall	Area	0.83973	0.80953	0.75781
Overall	Production	0.88245	0.89690	0.82032
	Productivity	Soybean	0.89853	0.00199
	Area	0.78019	0.84260	0.61306
Period – I	Production	0.05518	0.11274	0.00120
	Productivity	0.45472	0.39276	0.53347
	Area	0.87417	0.86161	0.86712
Period – II	Production	0.00905	0.02073	0.00157
	Productivity	0.85628	0.87623	0.82774
	Area	0.75517	0.79349	0.94331
Period – III	Production	0.76851	0.80205	0.84269
	Productivity	0.59302	0.59920	0.62525
	Area	0.94401	0.94945	0.92885
Period – IV	Production	0.83616	0.84918	0.88210
	Productivity	0.05191	0.05751	0.02713
Period – V	Area	0.96804	0.96172	0.94570
Perioa - v	Production	0.94319 0.45197	0.94335 0.45958	0.92660
	Productivity	0.93219	0.43958	0.92427
Period – VI	Area Production	0.93219	0.93909	0.14430
	Productivity	0.00731	0.00591	0.03312
	Area	0.12351	0.12351	0.13552
Period –	Production	0.41390	0.41390	0.41097
VII	Productivity	0.11258	0.11259	0.10075
	Area	0.80315	0.93908	0.68209
Overall	Production	0.20655	0.25450	0.67741
	Productivity	0.21323	0.22439	0.60736
	*	Sunflower		
	Area	0.77981	0.61686	0.91557
Period – I	Production	0.00230	0.02048	0.00343
	Productivity	0.76573	0.62583	0.88915
	Area	0.32694	0.25805	0.42856
Period – II	Production	0.34327	0.39559	0.29293
	Productivity	0.65533	0.59566	0.69826
	Area	0.01635	0.00724	0.00477
Period – III	Production	0.05491	0.03722	0.07870
	Productivity	0.39963	0.36498	0.57607 0.80708
Period – IV	Area	0.79609 0.75019	0.78298 0.73997	0.55514
r enou – rv	Production Productivity	0.33112	0.31254	0.34858
	Area	0.20294	0.22057	0.20548
Period – V	Production	0.18287	0.20276	0.18183
	Productivity	0.00012	0.00018	0.00004
	Area	0.18574	0.16900	0.25232
Period – VI	Production	0.33841	0.32095	0.40174
	Productivity	0.16565	0.16869	0.15914
	Area	0.37458	0.37909	0.13565
Period –	Production	0.26618	0.27030	0.08335
VII	Productivity	0.99561	0.99621	0.99022
<u> </u>	Area	0.64387	0.62014	0.57290
Overall	Production	0.65290	0.65473	0.39502
	Productivity	0.30477	0.33423	0.06088
	A	Total Oilseed	0.04400	0 74070
Pariod I	Area	0.83000	0.84402	0.71678
Period – I	Production	0.75843	0.72289	0.64567 0.26337
	Productivity Area	0.31969 0.10635	0.27414 0.07251	0.26337
Period – II	Production	0.01051	0.07251	0.15222
	Productivity	0.00076	0.00001	0.00771
	Area	0.14555	0.14821	0.14082
Period – III	Production	0.03883	0.03831	0.04021
	Productivity	0.01060	0.01009	0.01307
	Area	0.73744	0.76008	0.72619
Period – IV	Production	0.58239	0.59769	0.58030
	Productivity	0.43067	0.43794	0.42737
		0.02031	0.01518	0.02631
	Area	0.02001		
Period – V	Area Production	0.47464	0.45817	0.50966
Period – V			0.45817 0.56384	0.50966 0.59158
	Production Productivity Area	0.47464 0.57314 0.57008	0.56384 0.55836	0.59158 0.58834
Period – V	Production Productivity	0.47464 0.57314	0.56384	0.59158

Period - VII	Area	0.75345	0.75745	0.75969
	Production	0.02376	0.02236	0.02453
	Productivity	0.80848	0.81213	0.76950
	Area	0.92071	0.87210	0.82286
Overall	Production	0.87178	0.92882	0.72730
	Productivity	0.83124	0.90445	0.58219

Coefficients of determination (R^2) by fitting linear, quadratic and exponential functions are computed and presented in [Table-1].

[Table-1] shows that the R² values of quadratic function for area, production and productivity for different oilseed crops in India are higher than linear and

exponential functions. Hence, the quadratic functional form was selected for fitting trend of area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops in the Country [8].

Period	Aspects	a	b	C
		Groundnut		
	Area	1.00172	0.493201	-0.17286
Period – I	Production	1.872882	0.493201	0.371256
	Productivity	-0.6916	-1.07214	1.145425
	Area	0.042733	0.998382	-1.01134
Period – II	Production	-0.04173	1.001294	1.013032
	Productivity	0.043141	-0.98762	0.986392
	Area	-0.00763	1.001958	-1.00186
Period – III	Production	0.008377	0.997871	0.999873
	Productivity	-0.00817	-0.998	1.000094
	Area	0.008512	0.998673	-0.99987
Period – IV	Production	-0.00623	1.000694	1.00125
	Productivity	0.006089	-0.99936	0.998726
	Area	-0.01122	1.004318	-1.00623
Period – V	Production	0.011469	0.99559	1.001948
	Productivity	-0.01151	-0.99357	0.998017
B	Area	2.627721	0.204066	-0.04598
Period – VI	Production	2.858898	0.987032	0.059296
	Productivity	14.14754	-5.37993	1.434513
Period - VII	Area	0.000778	1.001065	-1.00262
Period - VII	Production	-0.00045	0.998843	1.00156
	Productivity	0.000443 -10.3336	-0.99727 1.447974	0.998433
Overall	Area	7.136567	0.69062	-0.92357
Overall	Production Productivity	7.727142	0.09002	-0.92337
	FIOUUCIIVILY	Rapeseed &		-1.00275
	Area	-0.00543	0.997662	-0.99289
Period – I	Production	0.005444	1.002344	0.99522
	Productivity	-0.0054698	-1.0071579	1.0048028
	Area	5.213295	0.072387	-0.85741
Period – II	Production	-55.8022	9.826011	10.78971
	Productivity	4.3980924	-0.6269099	0.0581184
	Area	3.780103	0.027795	-0.17642
Period – III	Production	-13.9005	1.75164	5.235113
	Productivity	2.859646	-0.338969	0.159608
	Area	0.008746	0.997631	-0.99786
Period – IV	Production	-0.00123	1.000354	1.000083
	Productivity	0.0023277	-1.000195	0.9996986
Desired M	Area	0.006683	0.997641	-0.99692
Period – V	Production	-0.00614	1.002161	0.999343
	Productivity	0.00612231	-1.002682	1.0005843
Period – VI	Area	-0.01529	1.004772	-1.00575
	Production Productivity	0.01551 -0.01539	0.995185	1.00096 0.999026
	Area	-0.01559	1.001676	-1.0021
Period - VII	Production	0.004985	0.998311	1.0021
	Productivity	-0.00490139	-0.9978066	0.9995118
	Area	1.382459	0.09391	0.583595
Overall	Production	-3.60566	1.767626	1.258601
	Productivity	-0.3306034	0.72320207	0.0828622
		Soybean		
	Area	2.213	0.21365	-1.289563
Period – I	Production	5.22613	0.21356	-0.56894
	Productivity	2.231365	0.002315	0.1289
	Area	-0.26154	1.2457	-0.002148
Period – II	Production	-0.21548	2.1367	-0.00548

	Area	2.0103607	1.002457	-0.26154
Period – III	Production	1.002615	1.23709	0.5648
	Productivity	0.89546	0.75899	-0.2615
	Area	1.02985	0.23104	0.235
Period – IV	Production	1.102	0.2135	0.251
	Productivity	0.98562	0.361	0.11124
	Area	1.02356	0.3251	0.00254
Period – V	Production	0.589613	-0.26154	0.00421
	Productivity	0.23516	0.0125	0.0215
	Area	0.256	0.0215	-0.314537
Period – VI	Production	0.03265	-0.0025	0.23546
	Productivity	0.0213	0.0236	-0.0021
	Area	0.45231	0.2154	0.03254
Period - VII	Production	0.0215	0.3265	0.325
	Productivity	0.03298	0.3256	0.3251
	Area	2.66454E-15	-0.0001245	-2.13365E-0
Overall	Production	-4.44E-16	-0.000215	-2.64E-05
	Productivity	2.66E-15	-0.00022	-2.6E-05
		Sunflower		
	Area	-1.12782	1.35E-05	1.04E-13
Period – I	Production	-1.63011	0.007153	-1.1E-13
	Productivity	-1.55422	0.007977	1.04E-13
	Area	772.8118	5.15E-05	2.4E-14
Period – II	Production	-3745.37	0.038399	-2E-14
	Productivity	-4218	0.042153	2.4E-14
	Area	0.866384	0.388538	-0.16725
Period – III	Production	-2.05854	2.462583	0.462272
	Productivity	3.32892	-3.66144	1.59673
	Area	3.292328	0.477969	-1.14607
Period – IV	Production	-3.89512	1.785524	1.59649
	Productivity	2.941733	-0.35063	0.130749
		0.226945	0.963429	-1.00115
Period – V	Area			
Fellou – V	Production	-0.20282	1.026596	1.040809
	Productivity	0.353768	-0.92166	0.899207
Deried VI	Area	0.005413	1.004198	-1.01118
Period – VI	Production	-1.01118	-0.00481	0.995651
	Productivity	0.006716	-0.98812	0.992427
Duried Mil	Area	-0.19355	1.00374	-0.93796
Period - VII	Production	0.19283	0.99627	0.93447
	Productivity	-0.20635	-1.306614	1.07013
0	Area	-0.15286	0.810372	-0.5523
Overall	Production	0.160726	1.12027	0.806331
	Productivity	1.089434	-0.5349	0.564896
		Total Oilseed		
Device 1	Area	0.0180363	0.999211745	-1.0047455
Period – I	Production	-0.0176412	1.000651	1.005597
	Productivity	0.0176692	-0.99489	0.9943004
	Area	-0.01362652	1.003636722	-1.0042665
Period – II	Production	0.022952	0.992557	-0.015781
	Productivity	0.99932	-0.994937	0.9991956
	Area	-0.01362652	1.00363672	-1.0042665
Period – III	Production	0.015516	0.995847	1.000737
	Productivity	-0.01578	-0.994937	0.9991956
	Area	-0.01633689	1.004843397	-1.0063954
Period – IV	Production	0.016665	0.995036	1.00162
	Productivity	-0.016796	-0.993296	0.9983263
	Area	0.003828366	1.000066251	-1.0014765
Period – V	Production	-0.00279	0.999681	1.001436
	Productivity	0.0028089	-0.998175	0.9985194
	Area	0.004922685	1.000132318	-1.0019704
Period – VI	Production	-0.00486	0.999847	1.001847
	Productivity	0.0048376	-0.997984	0.9981464
	Area	0.117347201	0.984382687	-1.0001790
Period - VII	Production	-0.11921	1.015865	1.016047
	Productivity	0.1173262	-0.999821	0.9842065
	,	-0 0008214	1.000192865	-1 ()()()1944
Overall	Area Production	-0.0008214 0.000878	1.000192865 0.999775	-1.0001944 1.00003

[Table-2] reveals that the 'c' value in the quadratic functional forms for area, production and productivity were mostly negative impact on different oilseed crops in the country over the periods - I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII and even overall period. This implies the acceleration of decline in area, production and productivity of different

oilseed crops *viz*; groundnut, rapeseed & mustard, soybean, sunflower and total oilseed crop. The growth of production and productivity of different oilseed crops were declined over the periods.

[Table-3] reveals that the assumption seemed to be positive, where significant

compound growth rates were recorded for the growth in area, production and productivity of groundnut, rapeseed and mustard, soybean, sunflower and total oilseed crops during the period under study. Even in case of both soybean and sunflower, it has exhibited a negative impact over the time periods, basically due to decline in area as well as non-adoption of high yielding varieties. The area of different oilseed crops shows negative growth rate due to decline in area over the time periods and shifting of area to other commercial or remunerative crops. [Table-3] reveals that the co-efficient of variation in area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops are worked out for the periods from 1950-51 to 2012-13 and presented in [Table-3]. It reveals that growing of oilseed crops is moderate risky in India, since it has low coefficient of variation (less than 43.68 per cent). The results of the instability indices in case of area, production and productivity of different oilseed crops in the country are positive which also indicate lower risk for continuing / growing of oilseed crops in future too.

T I I A A	CC · · · C		A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 1 1 1	1 1 11	y of different oilseed crops	
		ananon i 70	1 4110 1115140101	000000000000000000000000000000000000		v or omereni onseed croos	

Period	Aspects	Co-efficient of Variation Groundnut	Instability Index
	Area	1.479	0.409
Period – I	Production	1.827	0.825
	Productivity	0.928	0.798
	Area	0.502	0.197
Period – II	Production	1.089	1.184
	Productivity	1.130	1.195
	Area	0.260	0.067
Period – III	Production	1.309	1.661
	Productivity	1.196	1.359
	Area	0.899	0.517
Period – IV	Production	2.259	3.613
	Productivity	1.469	1.750
	Area	0.751	0.070
Period – V	Production	1.364	1.779
	Productivity	15.513	1.779
Devied VI	Area	0.680	0.379
Period – VI	Production	2.327	5.361
	Productivity	2.080	4.094
、, . <i></i> 上	Area	8.554	72.207
eriod - VII	Production	6.131	34.221
	Productivity	1.067	0.0001
	Area	0.238	0.056
Overall	Production	0.421	0.112
	Productivity	1.877	3.342
	I	Rapeseed & Mustard	
	Area	1.912	0.580
Period – I	Production	6.168	1.183
	Productivity	2.056	0.619
	Area	2.640	0.064
Period – II	Production	32.061	0.144
	Productivity	0.095	0.039
	Area	0.182	1.002
Period – III	Production	6.184	10.522
	Productivity	1.654	0.730
	Area	0.146	0.377
Period – IV	Production	-1.191	64.951
	Productivity	-1.339	0.533
	Area	1.945	0.333
Period – V			
	Production	7.295	3.378
	Productivity	5.250	1.353
	Area	0.723	0.202
Period – VI	Production	0.776	10.334
	Productivity	0.054	1.572
	Area	3.345	0.486
eriod - VII	Production	5.704	1.480
	Productivity	2.285	1.452
	Area	2.188	0.234
Overall	Production	-3.875	2.041
	Productivity	-5.965	1.904
		Soybean	
	Area	1.181	0.220
Period – I	Production	0.802	0.571
	Productivity	1.244	0.940
	Area	0.974	0.131
Period – II	Production	0.271	0.072
· · · · ·	Productivity	1.021	0.129
	Area	10.704	23.662
Period – III	Production	13.410	35.596
	Productivity	10.271	42.282
	Area	4.523	1.034
Period – IV	Production	5.276 1.361	4.199 1.745
	Productivity		

	Area	2.796	0.299
Period – V	Production	3.569	0.722
	Productivity	1.104	0.658
	Area	1.756	0.188
Period – VI	Production	15.500	236.102
	Productivity	15.578	241.239
	Area	4.497	17.722
Period - VII	Production	0.690	0.279
	Productivity	4.135	15.173
	Area	1.998	0.243
Overall	Production	4.316	13.889
Overall	Productivity	2.912	6.578
		Sunflower	0.570
	Area	0.755	0.218
Period – I	Production	0.221	0.048
r chou – r	Productivity	0.817	0.250
	Area	1.279	1.214
Period – II	Production		
		0.656	0.260
	Productivity	1.520	0.934 22.273
Poriod III	Area	4.737	
Period – III	Production		75.184
	Productivity	6.069	23.388
Period – IV	Area	5.627	6.872
Period - IV	Production	5.683	8.398
	Productivity	1.806	2.243
	Area	1.877	2.746
Period – V	Production	2.011	3.224
	Productivity	0.776	0.602
	Area	2.413	4.838
Period – VI	Production	2.792	5.295
	Productivity	1.337	1.486
	Area	27.671	475.430
Period - VII	Production	25.142	461.267
	Productivity	3.328	0.042
	Area	1.529	0.888
Overall	Production	1.664	0.956
	Productivity	0.480	0.154
		otal Oilseed	
	Area	0.824	0.106
Period – I	Production	1.389	0.535
	Productivity	0.826	0.495
	Area	0.356	0.118
Period – II	Production	0.987	0.964
	Productivity	0.895	0.801
<u>_</u> L	Area	0.313	0.083
Period – III	Production	1.044	1.049
	Productivity	0.870	0.749
	Area	0.874	0.183
Period – IV	Production	2.209	1.963
	Productivity	1.374	1.062
L	Area	0.348	0.119
Period – V	Production	0.967	0.507
	Productivity	0.815	0.290
	Area	0.943	0.393
Period – VI	Production	1.934	1.790
	Productivity	1.322	1.206
	Area	43.675	462.675
Period - VII	Production	0.558	0.304
	Productivity	24.889	116.382
	Area	0.443	0.025
1			
Overall	Production	0.899	0.058

[Table-4] reveals that on overall time period the productivity of total oilseed crop was found negative with lowest growth rate (-69.276 per cent) as compared to *viz*; groundnut, soybean, rapeseed & mustard and sunflower crops, while on the production aspect, it was found to be negative growth rate (-0.255), whereas area was found towards positive impact, which is statistically significant at 1 per cent level and further shows more potentiality to be explore in the days to come. While during the period IV and VI both were found statistically significant at 1 per cent level and during period I and overall time both were found statistically significant either at 1 or 5 per cent level, which is further indication of more potentiality to be

explore, while during the remaining periods either it shows positive or negative growth rate on productivity side, which further shows alarming situation and further not to be explore more.

Whereas on groundnut crop area during the period IV, VI and VII were found negative with lowest growth rate (-2.303 per cent) in compare to other periods, which shows due to decline in area; even on production side period III and VI both were found statistically negative impact and on productivity during the period III, it shows negative contribution towards the growth. While on rapeseed & mustard crop productivity during period IV was found negative with lowest growth rate

(1.191 per cent), during the period V, it was found to be negative impact toward the development growth. On the soybean crop area during the period VII was found to be lowest growth rate (-10.423) with negative impact, even on the production and productivity side it was found to be negative. While on the sunflower crop productivity during period VII was found to be lowest growth rate (-9.547) as compared to other period, even area and production also shows negative towards the development contribution.

Period	Aspects	Compound Growth Rate (%)
	Groundnut	
	Area	0.173 ^{NS}
Period – I	Production	1.067*
	Productivity	1.073*
	Area	4.389***
Period – II	Production	5.486***
	Productivity	1.026*
Deried III	Area	0.905*
Period – III	Production	-0.131 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-1.030 ^{NS}
Period – IV	Area Production	-0.130 ^{NS} 0.870*
Fellou – IV	Productivity	0.993*
	Area	1.641*
Period – V	Production	3.756***
i chida V	Productivity	2.077*
	Area	-2.303NS
Period – VI	Production	-1.244 ^{NS}
	Productivity	8.406***
	Area	-0.965 ^{NS}
Period – VII	Production	0.774*
i onou vii	Productivity	1.753*
	Area	9.422*
Overall	Production	3.700*
o rorum	Productivity	2.838*
	Rapeseed & Musta	
	Area	2.640***
Period – I	Production	32.061***
	Productivity	0.095 ^{NS}
	Area	0.182 ^{NS}
Period – II	Production	6.184***
	Productivity	1.654*
	Area	0.146 ^{NS}
Period – III	Production	-1.191 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-1.339 ^{NS}
	Area	1.945*
Period – IV	Production	7.295***
	Productivity	5.250***
	Area	0.723*
Period – V	Production	0.776*
	Productivity	0.054 ^{NS}
	Area	3.345***
Period – VI	Production	5.704***
	Productivity	2.285***
	Area	2.188*
Period – VII	Production	-3.875 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-5.965 ^{NS}
	Area	1.912*
Overall	Production	6.168***
	Productivity	2.056***
	Soybean	
	Area	3.434***
Period – I	Production	0.649 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-2.693 ^{NS}
_	Area	-2.964 ^{NS}
Period – II	Production	0.084NS
	Productivity	3.141***
	Area	38.947***
Period – III	Production	88.572***
	Productivity	35.715***
	Area	17.112***
Period – IV	Production	18.057***
	Productivity	0.807*
	Area	10.242***
Period – V	Production	13.056***
ſ	Productivity	2.553***

Desired M	Area	5.724***
Period – VI	Production	10.461***
	Productivity	4.480***
	Area	-10.423 ^{NS}
Period – VII	Production	-1.935 ^{NS}
	Productivity	9.476*
	Area	13.733***
Overall	Production	21.212***
	Productivity	6.576***
	Sunflower	
	Area	2.299*
Period – I	Production	-0.036 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-2.283 ^{NS}
	Area	2.623***
Period – II	Production	-1.303 [№]
	Productivity	-3.826 ^{NS}
	Area	0.507 ^{NS}
Period – III	Production	14.635***
	Productivity	29.503***
	Area	25.615***
Period – IV	Production	37.081***
	Productivity	-3.478 ^{NS}
	Area	-2.969 ^{NS}
Period – V	Production	-3.188 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-0.019 ^{NS}
	Area	4.313***
Period – VI	Production	6.101***
	Productivity	1.747*
	Area	47.196***
Period – VII	Production	33.829***
i onou i n	Productivity	-9.547 ^{NS}
	Area	5.802***
Overall	Production	6.959***
ovorali	Productivity	1.066*
	Total oilseed	1.000
	Area	2.501***
Period – I	Production	4.105***
i chica i	Productivity	1.557*
	Area	0.397NS
Period – II	Production	0.337 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-0.118 ^{NS}
	Area	0.398 ^{NS}
Period – III		0.735*
	Production	0.335 ^{NS}
	Productivity	
Deried IV	Area	2.441***
Period – IV	Production	5.454***
	Productivity	2.952***
5	Area	0.166 ^{NS}
Period – V	Production	2.250*
	Productivity	2.073*
	Area	2.450***
Period – VI	Production	5.135***
	Productivity	2.620***
	Area	224.732***
Period – VII	Production	-0.255 ^{NS}
	Productivity	-69.276 ^{NS}
	Area	1.525*
Overall	Production	3.045***
	Productivity	1.498*

(** Significant at 1 per cent; * Significant at 5 per cent; * Significant at 50 per cent; NS - Non Significant)

[Table-5] reveals that the relative effect of contributions of area, productivity and their interactions on increased production of different oilseed crops in the country for the periods from 1950-51 to 1959-60; 1960-61 to 1969-70; 1970-71 to 1979-80; 1980-81 to 1989-90; 1990-91 to 1999-00; 2000-01 to 2009-10; 2010-11 to 2012-13 and 1950-51 to 2012-13 have been estimated. It reveals that the production of the different oilseed crops in India has exhibited an increasing trend except soybean and sunflower during the periods II, IV and VII. This increase in productivity of oilseed crops during the period under review. Further similar type of trend results were reported by the Das & Sharma (2012)[5]; Sharma (2012)[8]; Sharma (2013b)[10]; Sharma (2015c)[14]; Sharma & Kalta (2008)[16].

Conclusion and Policy Implication

The above discussion highlighted the fact that the growth of area, production and productivity for the different oilseed crops in the Country were found to be positive as well as statistically significant too. The coefficient of variation for almost all the crops were less than 43.68 per cent thereby indicating moderate risky for the cultivation of oilseed crops during various time period in the Country. This was also indicated by the lower value of instability indices. Keeping the area as constant, the productivity can be further increased by taking appropriate production technologies or introducing high yield varieties to overcome the problems of population pressure in the coming days may to solve up to maximum extend.

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Crops	Aspects	Differential	Area effect	Productivity effect	Interaction
	(Period)	production(Δ P)	(Y₀ ∆A)	(A₀ ΔŸ)	$(\Delta A \Delta Y)$
	1950-51 to 1959-60	1511250	-300830	-130650	1079770
	1960-61 to 1969-70	499150	-161500	-16750	320900
Groundnut	1970-71 to 1979-80	-133440	-212570	4640	-341370
	1980-81 to 1989-90	1405760	1619200	370540	3095500
	1990-91 to 1999-00	-130176	-1146780	198720	-2249820
	2000-01 to 2009-10	-105516	91840	-15120	-978440
	2010-11 to 2012-13	1488632	434350	85702	2008684
	1950-51 to 2012-13	3379000	1149440	1116160	5644600
	1950-51 to 1959-60	309120	-6210	-2520	300390
	1960-61 to 1969-70	135430	74880	7540	217850
	1970-71 to 1979-80	89100	-607560	-27450	-545910
Rapeseed	1980-81 to 1989-90	481600	1113810	233060	1828470
& Mustard	1990-91 to 1999-00	226000	323680	14000	563680
	2000-01 to 2009-10	1037850	1106560	274170	2418580
	2010-11 to 2012-13	339552	-885360	-39168	-584976
	1950-51 to 2012-13	1739904	1397250	3191400	6328554
	1950-51 to 1959-60	666.6667	-556.25	-185.417	-75
	1960-61 to 1969-70	780900	17750	7295250	8093900
	1970-71 to 1979-80	45619.05	9760	222621	278000
Soybean	1980-81 to 1989-90	1182951	50711.11	136338.1	1370000
-	1990-91 to 1999-00	3717188	313955	448857.5	4480000
	2000-01 to 2009-10	2722243	1291757	665999.6	4680000
	2010-11 to 2012-13	-250151	2414950	-496933	-483493
	1950-51 to 2012-13	727809.5	31369	11415328	12174507
	1950-51 to 1959-60	15000	-11486.154	-3445.846	68
-	1960-61 to 1969-70	10885.5349	-12332.845	-2485.69	-3933
Sunflower	1970-71 to 1979-80	-4000	54280	-27140	23140
	1980-81 to 1989-90	593850	-3120	-27820	562910
	1990-91 to 1999-00	-181900	4890	-1020	-178030
-	2000-01 to 2009-10	246820	-27820	-10660	208340
-	2010-11 to 2012-13	730800	-114300	-133350	483150
	1950-51 to 2012-13	925000	6900	127650	1059550
	1950-51 to 1959-60	1548820	-118030	-35420	1395370
	1960-61 to 1969-70	527280	206550	15600	749430
	1970-71 to 1979-80	173700	-104832	-18900	-893520
Total	1980-81 to 1989-90	2766400	3696000	1092000	7554400
Oilseed	1990-91 to 1999-00	100230	1980300	10660	2091190
Crops	2000-01 to 2009-10	2583900	3392730	475310	6451940
F	2010-11 to 2012-13	2.97E+08	-2815017	-2.70E+08	-14286
-	1950-51 to 2012-13	8441550	6577490	10758150	25777190

 Table-5 Effect of change in area. productivity and their interactions on production of oilseed crops

There existed severe ups and down in the growth process repealing the smoothness of growth in the area, production and yield of different oilseed crops in the country. In view of the above findings following suggestions are recommended for suitable policy formation in the days to come.

Yield growth rate is skimpy because of poor availability of high yield variety of oil seed crops, wide spread infestation by insects, pests and disease, destruction of crops by animals in the field, inadequate and irregular rainfall / water supply to the oilseed crops etc. So, to increase the yield growth rate, steps should be taken to overcome the mentioned difficulties face by the cultivators.

A rising trend in the growth featured by high degree of variability is a sign of vulnerability in the growth process. Wide spread ups and downs in the area, production and yield of oilseed crops, shatters the rational expectations of the cultivators and lead to many disruptive consequences.

Thus, there is need for proper policies and programmes to concentrate on increasing the production and yield of major oilseed crops by introducing HYVs and by increasing area under cultivation to include non-traditional areas and encourage the farmers to use appropriate amount of inputs *viz.*; fertilizers, improved seeds, pesticides and irrigation water etc.

Application of research

The present research article will be useful to the researchers, teachers, policy makers, planner, extension workers, government institution, industrial agencies, processing units, NGO's etc to understand the current trends of oilseed crops production and making future effective strategies in the days to come.

Research Category: Field of oilseed crops

Abbreviations

CV: Coefficient of Variation CGR: Compound Growth Rate I: Instability Index

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